GENERAL SECRETARIAT

No. Rl. 696—*L. C.* 16-38-1, *dated 9th June* 1939.

Under Section 4 (3) of the Mysore Legislative Council Act, XIX of 1923, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to nominate Sir Harold N. Colam, Secretary to Government, Electrical Department, as an official member of the Legislative Council, in place of Mr. S. G. Forbes, Chief Electrical Engineer in Mysore.

No. G. 12534—*Mily.* 121-38-8, *dated 12th June* 1939.

Competitive Examination for entry to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, and the Royal Indian Navy to be held in October 1939.

The following notice, dated the 13th May 1939, issued by the Government of India, Defence Department, calling for applications for admission to the examination mentioned above is published for general information.

Candidates from the Mysore State who desire to appear at the examination are required to submit their applications with necessary documents to the Secretary to Government, General Department, on or before the 24*th June* 1939.

Each candidate for the examination for entry to the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, who is eligible for, and desires a King Emperor Cadetship, should fill in, and submit a copy of the form of particulars relating thereto with the application.

A declaration by the parent or guardian of the candidate in the prescribed form should be submitted, if he is a candidate for the Royal Indian Navy Examination.

Copies of the rules, syllabus, application form, etc., can be had in the General Miscellaneous Branch of the General and Revenue Secretariat, Bangalore.

By Order,
J. APPAJI GOWDA,
Secretary to Government,
General Department

DEFENCE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 13*th May* 1939.

NOTICE.

No. 617.—A competitive examination for entry to (1) the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, in the term beginning on or about 26th January 1940; and (2) the Royal Indian Navy, will be held in Delhi on Monday the 23rd October 1939, and subsequent days. The examination will be conducted by the Federal Public Service Commission.

2. The examination will be a combined one for the purpose of filling vacancies in the Indian Military Academy, and the Royal Indian Navy. A candidate may apply to be admitted to the examination for either or both of the above. If he wishes to be admitted as a candidate for more than one, he should state this on his application form. Separate applications are not required. He will be required to pay the application and examination fees once only. If he proves successful as a candidate for both, he will ordinarily be assigned to the one for which he expressed a preference in his application; but the Government of India reserve power to assign him to any one.

3. At this examination 15 vacancies will be offered for entry to the Indian Military Academy. The Governor-General in Council, however, reserves to himself the right to fill the last three vacancies by nomination from among those who have qualified but failed to obtain sufficient marks to secure one of the first twelve vacancies. Two vacancies will be offered for admission to the Executive Branch of the Royal Indian Navy.

4. The examination will be the same for all arms of the Indian Army, *i.e.*, Cavalry, Artillery, Signals, Engineers and Infantry. All candidates on joining the Indian Military Academy may volunteer to be considered for the technical arms, and will be given a test examination in Mathematics. Those who show a satisfactory standard of knowledge will be formed into a Preparatory Woolwich Wing during the first and second terms.

At the end of the second term the Commandant will select the cadets to form a Woolwich Wing.

5. Candidates for admission to the Indian Military Academy must have been born not earlier than the 2nd November 1919 and not later than the 1st November 1921. Candidates for the Royal Indian Navy examination must have been born not earlier than the 2nd May 1920 and not later than the 1st May 1922. These age limits can in no case be relaxed.

6. A candidate who desires to appear at the examination is required to submit to the Federal Public Service Commission his application in the prescribed form with the necessary documents in accordance with the instructions given on that form. Applications must reach the Collector or Deputy Commissioner or the Political Officer or Resident or the Political Officer or Regent or the Principal, Prince of Wales' Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, on or before the 1st July 1939. Copies of the rules and the application form, etc., may be obtained from the Provincial Government, Administration or Durbar concerned.

THE FACT THAT AN APPLICATION FORM HAS BEEN SUPPLIED, ON WHATEVER DATE, WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED AS AN EXCUSE FOR THE LATE SUBMISSION OF AN APPLICATION. CANDIDATES WHO DELAY THEIR REQUESTS FOR FORMS UNTIL A LATE DATE WILL DO SO AT THEIR OWN RISK.

7. Applications should be sent by registered post. If a candidate fails to register his application, he does so at his own risk. If a candidate desires an acknowledgment, he should also send his application "registered, acknowledgment due."

Note.—If any candidate has appeared at the examination held in March/April 1939, for entry to the Indian Military Academy or the Royal Indian Navy, and, not being successful thereat, wishes to appear at the examination to be held in October 1939, he must submit his application by the prescribed date without waiting for the results of the former examination. Should he have been successful, his candidature for the October examination will be cancelled.

C. MacI. G. Ogilvie,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

Circular No. D. 10015—*Geol.* 67-38, *dated* 16—24*th May* 1939.

Rules under the Mysore Explosives and Petroleum Acts.

Accidents by explosives.—Government are constrained to observe that owing to the non-observance of the rules and proper precautions prescribed under the Mysore Explosives Rules fatal and serious accidents continue to occur in the manufacture of gunpowder and fireworks. Government consider that the District authorities can prevent the occurrence of such accidents by insisting on the licensees manufacturing explosives in the specified places and observing the safety distances and the quantity limits prescribed in their licenses *vide* conditions 4, 12 and 13 of License Form A, Mysore Explosives Rules, which are quoted below :—

License Form A.

Condition 4.—(1) The explosive shall be manufactured in a tent or lightly constructed building exclusively appropriated for the purpose and separated from any dwelling house, highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place by the distance.

(*a*) in the case of gunpowder or smallarm nitro-compound, of one hundred yards or
(*b*) in the case of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, or of the 7th Firework) Class, of 50 yards.

Condition 12.—(1) The explosives possessed by the licensee shall be kept in one or other or both of the following modes :—

Mode A, that is to say, in a building or excavation, which is detached from any dwelling house and is separated by the distances prescribed in condition No. 4 from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without, and is exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives; and

(*a*) such a building must be substantially constructed of brick, stone or concrete or must be a securely constructed fire proof safe; and
(*b*) such an excavation must be formed in solid rock, or earth, or in mine refuse not liable to ignition and must not open into, from or out of any mine, quarry, tunnel or underground place which is in use for the carrying on of any work or for the employment of any person.

Mode B, that is to say, in a substantial receptacle (whether or not a fireproof safe) which is closed and secured so as to prevent unathorised persons from having access thereto, and is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives, and is placed inside a dwelling house, or inside a building which is not itself qualified for the keeping of explosives in Mode A: